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CUBAN MIGS SCRAMBLE ON TWO U.S. HAVY PATROL PLANES

At approximately 1812Z (1212 EUT) 8 September, two Coben Revolutionary
Air Force (CRAF) MIG's scrambled on and intercepted 2 U.S. Navy patrol
planes over international unters.

at 1535% two Heavy CSF potrol planes,
SSF-13 and SSF-16, departed in company from the Noval Air Station, Key
West, Floride. At 1812% while both planes are at position
NSA
Ground Control Intercept (GGI) informed SSF-16 of the presence
of an unidentified moving reduce target 23 miles from SSF-16. The unknown target
was reported on a true course of Z75 degrees with a speed of 500 knots at
9,000 feet. SSF-16 was flying at an altitude of 3,000 feet. At 1812% the
radar target, tentatively identified by the SSF pilots as a NIG-17, made an
overtaking approach on the SSF-16 passing underments and publing up in
front. When visually sighted the range was estimated at approximately
1,000 yards and opening at high speed. Key West radar further fracked the
MIG through a 105-degree turn and observed it making mobiles pass belied
the patrol plane. At this time below objects to a discussion of the state patrol plane.

At 1834% while at position within the ARC, but on the content of the making gunnery-type runs on the second Navy patron plane. The 1th pages alongside S2F-13 at an approximate range of 18% feet on the initial run. On the third similar run the HIG, after pulling out, settled in Arch of the Navy patrol plane at an altitude of 50% feet. The HBU then executed a climbing right-hand turn and disappeared. The Navy pilots reported the HIG as being dark in color without obvious markings to reveal nationality

Intercept of the CRAF tactical VHF frequency parallels this autivity and reveals that pilots using suffixes 12 and 89 were involved in the GCl alart. Both planes were scrambled and controlled by Sun Autonio de los Banos GCI.

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At 1828Z suffix 12 broke off intercept and returned to base because his fuel was running low. While in flight both 12 and 89 passed a series of numbers, possibly grid coordinates pertinent to the target activity, to the GCI controller.

While in contact with GCI, suffix 89 reported that the target was "presenting combat" and requested authorization to "knock it down." Evidence suggests that his request was denied since no hostile action was initiated.

Suffix 89 was instructed to maintain his position and continue surveillance.

COMMENTS: In direct contrast to previously observed GCI operations, most of the information passed was from the interceptors to GCI. Only a minimum of tracking was required by the intercepting planes, indicating increased proficiency.

The term "presenting combat" used by 89 is not understood but most probably reflects the evasive action taken by the Mary planes.

Source: